

PROCHEM_®

STAINS

It's impossible to have a spotless home every day unless no one is living in it...

The thing most of us fear is household stains that are difficult to remove or that damage our furniture, carpets, or flooring.

Luckily most stains can be removed by following this handy guide.

10 COMMON HOUSEHOLD STAINS

COFFEE & TEA





Apply COFFEE STAIN REMOVER and blot. Repeat above and leave for 15 to 30 minutes then rinse with water. Stronger solutions may be tried (subject to pre-testing) by reducing the amount of water and shampoo down to 1 litre of water and 50ml of FIBRE SHAMPOO mixed with 30ml OXIBRITE and 60ml FIBREBUFF. Some coffee and tea stains may be permanent.

PET STAINS 2 (URINE)





Blot up as much as possible if still wet. Apply URINE NEUTRALISER and blot. For old stains apply FIBRE & FABRIC RINSE HOT solution, and extract. Repeat 2 to 3 times. Apply URINE NEUTRALISER and leave to dry. Urine stains may cause permanent dye removal and may damage wool or nylon.

(BALL POINT)



USE :



Apply **SOLVEX** or **INK SOLV** and blot and note if ink is readily released. If so, this indicates a solvent soluble dye. Repeat as needed. Blot, do not rub, to avoid spreading spot. If stain persists, apply CITRUS GEL (or STAIN PRO for water-based inks). Rinse thoroughly with water and blot until dry. Note: All inks are not the same and different approaches may have to be evaluated.

4 MUD





Brush or vacuum off as much as possible. Apply **NEUTRAL PRO-SPOTTER** and blot. Rinse thoroughly with water and blot until dry. If stain remains apply CITRUS GEL and blot. Rinse thoroughly with water and blot until dry. Note: Some clay and mud stains may be difficult to remove completely.

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5 BLOOD



USE :



Take safety precautions to avoid infection or contamination. Apply MICROSAN leave for 15 minutes, then blot or extract. Apply STAIN PRO and blot. Apply RUST REMOVER, wait 2-5 minutes and blot. Allow to react 5 to 15 minutes. Rinse thoroughly with water and blot until dry. It may be necessary to apply a solution of 30ml of **OXIBRITE** per litre of water (subject to colour test).



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6 ADHESIVES (TAPE)



USE >



Apply SOLVEX and blot. Apply CITRUS GEL and blot.
Apply NEUTRAL PRO-SPOTTER then blot or extract.
For larger areas, apply POWER BURST (and CITRA-BOOST).
Agitate fibres. Rinse thoroughly with FIBRE & FABRIC RINSE.

7 ALCOHOL



USE



Apply NEUTRAL PRO-SPOTTER and blot.
Apply COFFEE STAIN REMOVER and blot.
Apply FIBRE AND FABRIC RINSE solution and blot.
Rinse thoroughly with water and blot until dry

8 WAX



USE :



Scrape off as much as possible with a spatula or blunt knife.

Use brown paper and a warm iron to liquify and remove wax bulk.

Apply CITRUS GEL or SOLVALL SPOTTER and blot.

9 CHEWING



USE



Apply CITRUS GEL or SOLVALL SPOTTER and leave for a few minutes. Remove softened gum with spatula or blunt knife.

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10 CHOCOLATE



USE



Scrape off as much as possible with blunt knife following direction of pile.

Apply STAIN PRO and blot.

Apply FIBRE & FABRIC RINSE solution and blot.

Rinse thoroughly with water and blot until dry.





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TIPS & PRECAUTIONS

- Always be aware that no guarantee can be given for complete stain removal and agree this with the customer before proceeding.
- Some stains, such as but not limited to:- food colourings, hot drinks, cosmetic preparations, plant foods etc. may cause permanent colour change to the fibres and may react adversely to stain removal products.
- Always pre-test a small section of the stain with the stain remover to check for any adverse reaction or colour change before proceeding with the treatment.
- All spills and stains should be treated as quickly as possible to help prevent permanent staining.
- The longer a spot or stain remains on the carpet or fabric, the more difficult it will be to remove.
- · Always remove any solid matter first by using a spatula, or blunt knife edge.
- Spills and fresh stains should always be blotted with clean, white, absorbent towels, napkins or tissues. Never use coloured towels or tissues.
- · Apply towel or tissues with firm pressure. Keep blotting and repeat.
- Always pre-test stain removal procedures and products in an inconspicuous area (under a sofa, on an area of carpet under or behind a piece of furniture).
- Apply a small amount of spotting agent to the fibre and blot gently with a clean, white towel. If colour transfers to towel or a colour change occurs, do not proceed.
- Do not over-wet or over-apply solvents. Use small amounts of the spotting products and blot frequently.
- Always blot, do not rub or brush. Continue until all of the stain is removed, then brush to re-align fibres.
- · Work from outer edge of the stain towards the centre to prevent ring marks.
- \bullet If more than one product is indicated in the stain removal chart, start with the first product.
- If the treatment is unsuccessful then try the next product, treat the stain with each spotting agent until the stain is removed or the best result is obtained.
- It may not be necessary to use all of the products listed.
- The final step is always to rinse the area with cool water or FIBRE & FABRIC RINSE, if indicated, then absorb all the remaining moisture with absorbent towels.
- Be patient. Some spots and stains respond slowly. All spots and stains cannot be removed from every fibre and fabric due to differences in fibres, dyes, construction, finishes, composition of the spills, length of time the spot has remained on the article and many other factors.
- Important: Prochem water-based stain treatments may require dilution with water. Always check label directions before proceeding.
- Application is the sole responsibility of the cleaning operator. Some stains may be permanent.
- Always pre-test in an inconspicuous area and test a small area of the stain to assess the suitability and performance of the treatment before proceeding.